on the connecting shaft end portion to make the connecting shaft slide in a rotational direction of the shaft.--

The method of claim 10, wherein the connecting shaft is attached to the blade, the connecting shaft having a concave groove on the outer circumference in the axial direction longer than a chord of the attaching groove, such that changing postures are accomplished by changing the postures of the attaching groove by rotating the connecting shaft in such a state that the groove entrance portion is fitted in the concave groove.

REMARKS

Claims 1-17 are pending. By this Amendment, the specification and claims 1-6 have been amended and claims 7-17 have been added.

The attached Appendix includes marked-up copies of the Substitute Specification (37 C.F.R. §1.125(b)(2)) and claims (37 C.F.R. §1.121(c)(1)(ii)).

By the attached Substitute Specification, Applicants have amended the Specification.

A marked-up copy of the original specification, in which deletions are indicated by strike-through and additions are indicated by underlining is also attached. The Substitute

Specification places the application into idiomatic English and corrects minor informalities.

No new matter is added by the substitute specification.

Prompt and favorable examination is respectfully requested.

Should the Examiner believe anything further would be desirable to place this application in better condition for allowance, the Examiner is invited to contact Applicants' undersigned representative at the telephone number listed below.

Respectfully submitted,

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Attachments:

Abstract Appendix

Date: September 27, 2001

OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. Box 19928 Alexandria, Virginia 22320 Telephone: (703) 836-6400 DEPOSIT ACCOUNT USE AUTHORIZATION

Please grant any extension necessary for entry; Charge any fee due to our Deposit Account No. 15-0461

APPENDIX

Changes to Abstract:

The following is a marked-up version of the amended Abstract.

A blade attaching structure including in a structure wherein a connecting shaft 4-on a blade side is-detachably supported on an attaching groove formed on a wiper arm, wherein secure fixation becomes possible while attaching and detaching operations are simplified. An attaching groove 3-formed on a wiper arm 1-has a dovetail groove shape having a groove entrance portion 3d-with a groove width-S, the connecting shaft 1-including comprises a fixed shaft 8-fixed on a bracket 7-and a spacer 9-having a cylinder sliding portion 9b-which is incorporated in the fixed shaft-8-so as to be slidable in the rotational direction of the shaft. A chamfered portion 9e is formed on the cylindrical sliding portion-9b, a small diameter portion having a diameter 1-which is the same as or smaller than the groove width 8-is formed, and based on making the cylindrical sliding portion 9b-slide by operating a lever portion-9a, the relationship between the attaching groove 3-and connecting shaft 1-is changed in posture to the attaching and detaching postures where the small diameter portion is opposed to the groove entrance portion 3d-and to the connected posture where the groove entrance portion 3d is blocked.

Changes to Specification:

A Substitute Specification is attached in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.125(b)(2).

Changes to Claims:

Claims 7-17 are added.

The following is a marked-up version of the amended claims:

_____1. A blade attaching structure of a wiper unit, <u>comprising:</u>

_____having an attaching groove formed on the tip end of a wiper arm; and

rotational direction of the shaft.

a connecting shaft provided on a blade for wiping a window surface, thesaid connecting shaft detachably and rotatably supported by the attaching groove, wherein thesaid attaching groove is provided with a groove inner portion having a larger diameter than the connecting shaft and a groove entrance portion having a width narrower than the groove inner portion, and whereinthe postures of the attaching groove and the connecting shaft are changed between the a connected posture where the connecting shaft is prevented from coming off from the groove entrance portion and the attaching and detaching postures where the connecting shaft can freely enter or exit from the groove entrance portion. The A blade attaching structure of thea wiper unit as set forth in claim Claim 2. 1, wherein the connecting shaft is supported on the blade attaching structure so as to be slidable in athe rotational direction of the shaft, the connecting shaft having a larger diameter portion and a smaller diameter portion smaller than the larger diameter portion due to a chamfered portion created on the outer circumference, and wherein changing postures are accomplished acomplished by operating an adjusting member integrally formed on the connecting shaft end portion to make the connecting shaft slide in the

3. TheA blade attaching structure of thea wiper unit as set forth in claimClaim

1, wherein the connecting shaft comprises a larger diameter portion and a smaller diameter portion smaller than the larger diameter portion formed by externally fitting a cylindrical sliding portion having a chamfered portion formed on the outer circumference to a fixed shaft integrally fixed to the blade so as to be slidable in athe rotational direction of the shaft, and wherein-

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changing postures are <u>accomplished</u> accomplished based on the slide of the cylindrical sliding portion in the rotational direction of the shaft.

- 1, wherein
 the connecting shaft is integrally fixed to the blade, thesaid connecting shaft having a larger diameter portion and a smaller diameter portion smaller than the larger diameter portion formed due to a chamfered portion created on the outer circumference; and wherein changing postures are accomplished accomplished based on changing the postures of the attaching groove by rotating the wiper arm with respect to the blade.
- TheA blade attaching structure of thea wiper unit as set forth in claimClaim

 1, wherein the connecting shaft is attached to the blade, thesaid connecting shaft having a long concave groove on the outer circumference in the axial direction; and wherein the attaching and detaching postures enabling enable free entrance and exit of the connecting shaft with respect to the groove inner portion is produced by rotating the connecting shaft in such a state that the groove entrance portion is fitted in the said-concave groove.
- TheA blade attaching structure of thea wiper unit as set forth in claimClaim

 1, wherein the groove width of the groove entrance portion of the attaching groove is made

 slightly smaller than the inner diameter of the groove inner portion, while the connecting

 shaft comprises a fixed shaft integrally fixed to the blade and a stopper pin for preventing the

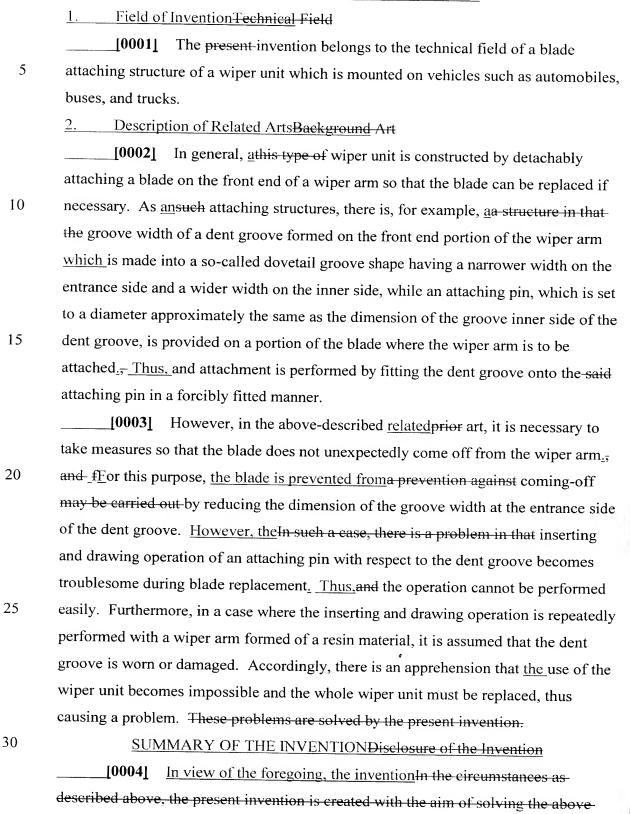
 fixed shaft internally fitted to the groove inner portion; from coming off at the groove

 entrance portion; and the attaching groove and the connecting shaft are changed in posture

 based on attachment and detachment of the stopper pin.

BLADE ATTACHING STRUCTURE OF WIPER UNIT

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION



	problems and provides a wiper unit constructed by detachably and rotatably
	supporting a connecting shaft, which is provided on a blade for wiping a window
	surface, on an attaching groove provided on the front end of a wiper arm, wherein
	as the attaching groove, a groove inner portion having a large diameter and a
5	groove entrance portion having a width narrower than the said groove inner portion
	are formed and the posture of the attaching groove and the connecting shaft is changed
	to a connected posture where a coming-off prevention is carried out from the groove
	entrance portion and to an attaching and detaching posture where entry and exit can be
	freely carried out from the groove entrance portion.
10	[0005] In particular, the connecting shaft is supported on the blade so as to
	be slidable in the direction of shaft rotation, a large diameter portion and a small
	diameter portion are formed by a chamfered portion formed on the outer
	circumference, and based on making the connecting shaft slide in the direction of
	shaft rotation by operating a adjusting member which is integrally formed on the
15	connecting shaft end portion, the posture is changed.
	[0006] In addition, by externally fitting, so as to be slidable in the direction
	of shaft rotation, a cylindrical sliding portion having a chamfered portion formed on
	the outer circumference thereof to the stationary shaft which is integrally fixed to a
	blade, a large diameter portion and a small diameter portion are formed to the
20	connecting shaft, and based on the slide of the cylindrical sliding portion in the
	direction of shaft rotation, the posture is changed.
	[0007] Furthermore, the connecting shaft is integrally fixed to the blade, a
	large diameter portion and a small diameter portion are constructed by a chamfered
	portion formed on the outer circumference, and based on changing the attaching
25	groove in posture by turning the wiper arm with respect to the blade, the posture is
	changed.
	[0008] Still furthermore, the connecting shaft is attached to the blade, a long
	concave groove is formed on the outer circumference in the shaft direction, and by
	rotating the connecting shaft in a condition where the groove entrance portion is fitted
30	with the said dent groove, the attaching and detaching posture, which enables free
	entrance and exit with respect to the groove inner portion, is produced.
	[0009] Moreover, herein, the groove width of the groove entrance portion of
	the attaching groove is made slightly smaller than the inside diameter of the groove

inner portion, while the connecting shaft comprises a stationary shaft which is integrally fixed to the blade and a stopper pin which prevents the stationary shaft, which is internally fitted to the groove inner portion, from coming off at the groove entrance portion, and the attaching groove and the connecting shaft are changed posture based on attachment and detachment of the stopper pin.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- **______[0010]** Various exemplary embodiments of the invention will become apparent in view of the figures, wherein:
- Fig. 1 is an overall front view of the wiper unit in that according to a first embodiment of the invention; has been carried out.
- Fig. 2 is <u>an enlarged afford view of Fig. 1; the major part in that a first embodiment has been carried out.</u>
- Fig. 3 is a plan view of Fig. 2; of the major part in that a first embodiment has been carried out.
- Fig. 4(A) is a front view of the spacer; and

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- ____Fig. 4(B) is a section along $\underline{4-4}A-A$ of Fig. 4(A):
- Fig. 5 is an explanatory view showing a condition where the attaching groove and the connecting shaft is connected:
- Fig. 6(A) and Fig. 6(B) are explanatory views each showing a condition where the attaching groove and the connecting shaft are connected:
- Fig. 7 is <u>an enlarged</u> a front view of the <u>wiper unit according tomajor part in</u> that a second embodiment <u>of the invention; has been carried out.</u>
- Fig. 8 is a plan view of Fig. 7;of the major part in that a second embodiment has been carried out.
- Fig. 9 is <u>an enlarged</u>a front view of the <u>wiper unit according tomajor part in</u> that a third embodiment <u>of the invention; has been carried out.</u>
 - Fig. 10 is a plan view of Fig. 9; of the major part in that a third embodiment has been carried out.
 - Fig. 11 is <u>an enlarged a-front view of the wiper unit according to major part in that a fourth embodiment of the invention; has been carried out.</u>
 - Fig. 12 is a plan view of Fig. 11; of the major part in that a fourth embodiment has been carried out.

Fig. 13 is <u>an enlarged</u> a front view of the <u>major part showing the attaching</u> groove and connecting shaft <u>according to in that</u> a fifth embodiment <u>of the invention;</u> <u>and has been carried out.</u>

Fig. 14 is an action explanatory view showing a condition of connection <u>from</u> the in that a fifth embodiment, has been carried out.

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DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTSBest Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

	Carrying Out the Invention
	[0011] Now, aA first embodiment of the invention will be described with
	reference to the drawings.
10	——In the drawings, 1 denotes a wiper arm made of a resin and the wiper arm,
	with the base end thereof fixed on a pivot shaft P which is provided on a vehicle main
	body.5 The wiper arm 1 performs reciprocative wiping swings with the pivot shaft P
	as one body. AAnd a blade 2 is rotatably and detachably attached (supported) on the
	front end portion of the wiper arm 1, which will be described later.
15	[0012] Namely, on the front end portion of the wiper arm 1, an attaching
	groove 3, whose lower side (the blade 2 side) is opened, is formed in a condition
	where the groove inclines gradually toward the arm front end side on the lower side.
	A groove inner portion 3a located on the groove inner side of the said-attaching
	groove 3 is formed into an inside cylindrical shape having a diameter R, while a first
20	groove edge 3b on one side (front end side of the arm), which continues from the said
	attaching groove 3a, is formed in a liner shape so as to coincide with a tangent line
	along the direction of the above-described inclination from the groove inner portion
	3a. On the other hand, a second groove edge 3c on the other side (base end side of the
	arm) is formed so that the position thereof shifts to the front end side beyond the
25	position of the tangent line along the direction of the above-described inclination5 and
	<u>t</u> Thus <u>athe</u> groove width S of a groove entrance portion 3d is set to be smaller than the
	diameter R (R>S). As should be appreciated and the dovetail groove shape is
	provided when the groove is viewed from the side.
	[0013] On the other hand, the blade 2 consists of members such as a primary
30	lever 4 and a secondary lever 5 made of a resin, a <u>rubber</u> blade rubber 6 and the like,
	and an attaching bracket 7, which is formed so as to surround the periphery of the
	primary lever 4, is fixed at the center portion in the longitudinal direction of the

primary lever 4. Between right and left attaching edges 7a formed on the attaching

bracket 7, a columnar fixed shaft 8, whose diameter is set to be X which is smaller than the diameter R of the groove inner portion 3a of the attaching groove by A (R = A + X), is fixedly fitted.

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[0014] In addition, 9 denotes a spacer which, together with the fixed shaft 8, createsconstructs a connecting shaft J of the present-invention by being incorporated into the fixed shaft as described later. The spacer 9 is formed of a resin material and provided with a lever portion 9a which is adjacent to at least one attaching edge 7a of the attaching bracket 7 and a cylindrical sliding portion 9b which is formed on the base end portion of the said lever portion 9a in a protruded manner and fitted to the fixed shaft 8 so as to be slidable in the direction of shaft rotation. _Then, tThe spacer 9 turns (slides) around the sliding portion between the fixed shaft 8 and cylindrical sliding portion 9b as a turning fulcrum and is structured so that the swinging posture can be changed between a stand-up posture where the front end of the lever portion 9a is protruded from the attaching bracket in a stand-up manner and a collapsed posture where the front end of the lever portion 9a is stored in the attaching bracket 7. Furthermore, the cylindrical sliding portion 9b has a cylindrical shape having an inner diameter X which is set to be the same as the diameter (outer diameter) of the fixed shaft 8 and an outer diameter R which is set to be the same as the diameter (inner diameter) R of the groove inner portion 3a of the attaching groove, and the thickness of the cylindrical sliding portion 9b is set to have a dimension of A/2.

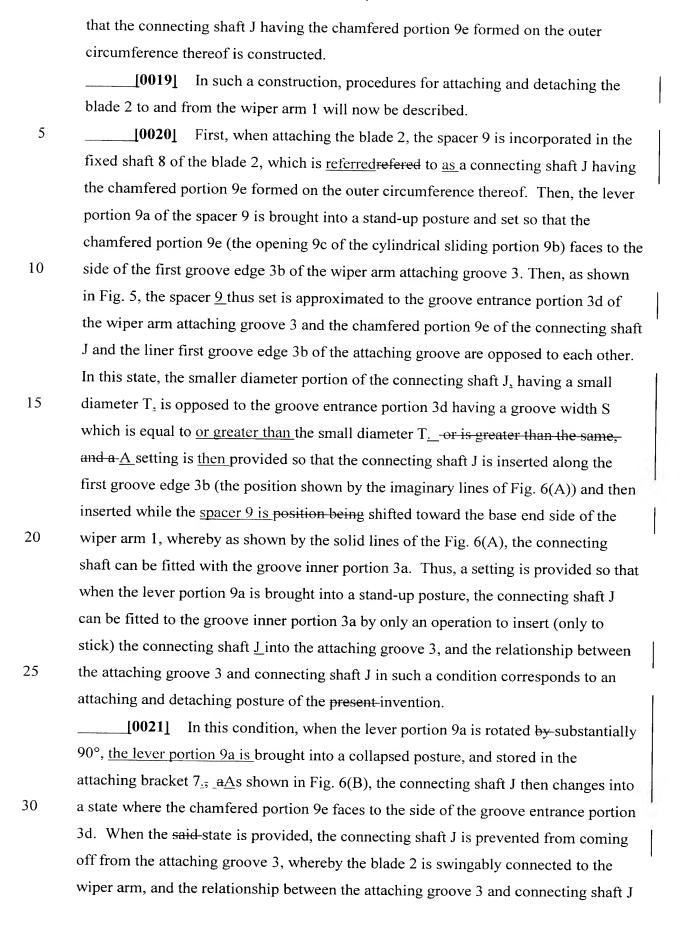
Loo151 Then, an opening 9c having a dimension Y which is narrower than the diameter X of the fixed shaft 8 (X>Y) is formed by notching on the cylindrical sliding portion 9b, and positional settings thereof are such that the outer circumference of the fixed shaft 8 is approximately in contact with an imaginary straight line L that connects both edges 9d of the said-opening 9c with each other (that is, it may exactly be in contact with the imaginary straight line L or may slightly be deviated therefrom within a permissible range.) Herein, the outer circumference of the fixed shaft 8 is approximately in contact with the imaginary line L which is set by the opening 9c of the cylindrical sliding portion 9b and the fixed shaft 8 does not easily come off from the cylindrical sliding portion 9b.__, and-_Tthus the fixed shaft 8 and spacer 9 are incorporated with each other in a coming-off preventive manner. Then, in such an incorporated state, a chamfered portion 9e, which is substantially based on the opening 9c of the cylindrical sliding portion 9b, is formed (created) on the outer circumference of the connecting shaft J₅. With the sliding portion 9b having a larger

diameter portion having with an outer diameter R and the outer diameter at the said chamfered portion 9e, that is, a smaller diameter portion which is perpendicular to the imaginary straight line L and passes through the shaft core of the fixed shaft 8 are is formed, and. As such, the dimension of the smaller diameter portion is set to have a diameter T which approximately coincides with the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 3d or is smaller than the same $(T \le S)$.

brought into the collapsed posture, the opening 9c (the chamfered portion 9e) faces tothe groove entrance portion 3d side of the attaching groove 3 and when the lever
portion 9a is brought into the stand-up posture, the opening 9c faces to-the side
opposed to the first groove edge 3a of the attaching groove 3. In addition, in a case of
the construction where the imaginary straight line L is exactly in contact with the
outer circumference of the fixed shaft 8 or the construction where the outer
circumference of the fixed shaft 8 is slightly protruded, the sum of the outer diameter
X of the fixed shaft 8 and the thickness A/2 of the cylindrical sliding portion 9b is
equivalent to a smaller diameter T (X + 1/2A = T), and the dimension of the smaller
diameter T is set, as mentioned before, to have a diameter which approximately
coincides with the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 3d or is smaller than
the same (T≤S).

______[0017] On the other hand, in the lever portion 9a, a through hole, which leads to the cylinder hole of the cylindrical sliding portion 9b and the opening 9c, is formed and a guide groove 9f, which is provided so as to open toward the same direction as the attaching groove 3a when the lever portion 9a is in the collapsed posture, is formed so as to lead to the above-described through hole. The groove width of the guide groove 9f is set so as to gradually widen toward the lower end (the side of the blade 2 when the lever portion 9a is in the collapsed posture).

_______[0018] With the above-described structure Then, the spacer 9 is previously incorporated into the blade 2, which has not been attached to the wiper arm 1 yet, and for incorporation thereof, the groove end portion of the guide groove 9f is held against the fixed shaft 8.__and Iin this state, the lever portion 9a is then pressed down, whereby the cylindrical sliding portion 9b is fitted and attached onto the fixed shaft 8 in a forcibly fitted manner. Thus, the spacer 9 is incorporated in the fixed shaft 8 in a state where it is prevented from coming off in the outer diameter direction and set so



in this state corresponds to a connected posture of the present invention. In this state of incorporation, the lever portion 9a is fixed to the front end portion of the blade 2, whereby the spacer 9 is set so as to be integrated into the wiper arm 1 side (attaching groove 3 side).

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[0022] In addition, the wiping-off operation for the window surface is are performed by the blade 2 in this state. At this time, since curvature exists on the window surface, the blade 2 performs wiping-off while minutely swinging with respect to the wiper arm 1 and on the other hand, the wiper arm is urged toward the window surface side by an urging spring (which is not illustrated). Therefore, smooth sliding is required at the portion where the attaching groove 3 and the connecting shaft J are connected and it becomes necessary for the said-smooth sliding to secure a large area where one makes contact with the other. In addition, since the spacer 9 is integrated into the attaching groove 3 side, when the blade 2 swings, sliding is performed between the inner circumferential surface of the spacer cylindrical sliding portion 9b and fixed shaft 8. As a result of the sliding of the fixed shaft 8 which is formed in a columnar shape without a notched portion with respect to the spacer cylindrical sliding portion 9b, a large contact area is secured in the slidably contacted portion and stable sliding can be performed. Furthermore, with employment of the collapsed posture of the lever portion 9a, the groove shape of the attaching groove 3 is set so that the chamfered portion 9e is opposed to the groove entrance portion 3d of the attaching groove. <u>tTherefore</u> a pressure force which the fixed shaft 8 receives from the window surface side based on the urging spring does not act on the opening 9c side (but acts on the side opposite to the opening). In addition, the state where the chamfered portion 9e is opposed to the groove entrance portion 3d of the attaching groove indicates that the connected portion between the fixed shaft 8 and cylindrical sliding portion 9b is opposed to the opening portion of the groove entrance portion 3d.5 Hhowever, as mentioned before, since the fixed shaft 8 and the cylinder sliding portion 9b are in a coming-off preventive condition and the lever portion 9a is also incorporated in a forcibly fitted manner, the wiper arm 1 and the blade 2 do not easily come apart in this condition.

_____[0023] In the present embodiment, while the spacer 9 is incorporated into the wiper arm 1 side, the spacer 9 may be incorporated into the attaching bracket 7 of the blade 2 so as to be incorporated into the blade 2 side. In this case, the blade 2 swings, whereby sliding is performed between the outer circumferential surface of the

spacer cylindrical sliding portion 9a and the inner circumferential surface of the attaching groove 3.

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[0024] When the blade 2, in the connected condition, is detached from the wiper arm 1, the lever portion 9a of the spacer 9 in the connected posture is brought into the stand-up posture and the chamfered portion 9e of the connecting shaft J is opposed to the first groove edge 3b., tThus an attaching and detaching posture is produced where the smaller diameter portion having a small diameter T of the connecting shaft J is opposed to the groove entrance portion 3d. In this state, by drawing out (extracting) the connecting shaft J of the blade 2 while shifting the same toward the front end side of the wiper arm 1, the connection between the connecting shaft J and the attaching groove 3 are-is released. thus the blade 2 can be detached. [10025] In the structure as described above, for attaching and detaching the blade 2 to and from the wiper arm 1, the lever portion 9a of the spacer 9, incorporated in the fixed shaft 8 of the blade 2, is brought into a stand-up posture and the chamfered portion 9e of the connecting shaft J (the opening 9c of the cylindrical sliding portion 9b) is faced toward the first groove edge 3b side of the wiper arm attaching groove 3 whereand an attaching and detaching posture is produced. In this state, as mentioned before, the smaller diameter portion having a small diameter T which can be inserted in the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 3d of the attaching groove 3 is opposed to the connecting shaft J_{5.} Auttachment and detachment between the connecting shaft J and attaching groove 3 can thus be easily performed by only inserting and drawing out the shaft, whereand no fitting load acts on the attaching groove 3 and the connecting shaft J. Consequently, operations for attaching and detaching the blade 2 to and from the wiper arm 1 becomes easy, while the blade 2 in an attached condition is securely attached to the wiper arm 1, thereby improving workability during replacement of the blade 2. In addition, since no load acts on the attaching and detaching operation, even if a wiper arm 1 made of resin is used, no defect exists such that the attaching groove 3 is worn₅. Thus, durability of the product can be improved, and reliability thereof can be enhanced.

______[0026] Moreover, herein, when the wiper arm 1 and the blade 2 are connected, a setting is provided such that when the attaching groove 3 and the connecting shaft J are brought in the connected posture, the chamfered portion 9e is opposed to the groove entrance portion 3d₅. That is, a setting is provided such that

the spacer opening 9c is opposed to the groove entrance 3d of the attaching groove, and furthermore, the spacer 9 is incorporated in the wiper arm 1 side. Therefore, withas a slight swing of the blade 2, sliding movement is performed in response to a contact area which is widely secured between the spacer cylindrical sliding portion 9b and the fixed shaft 8. and Thus, stable swings can be performed. Moreover, the pressure force by the urging spring on the wiper arm 1 side acts on the widely secured sliding surface but does not act on the chamfered portion 9b and spacer opening 9c_{5...} <u>T</u>therefore the cylindrical sliding portion 9b effectively functions as a bearing and the swinging actions of the blade 2 can be smoothly performed. In this case, if the blade 2 is made to swing counterclockwise by approximately 90° with respect to the wiper arm 1, the chamfered portion 9e of the connecting shaft J is opposed to the first groove edge 3b of the attaching groove without operation of the spacer lever portion 9a. and, aAs a result, the connecting shaft J comes off from the attaching groove 3. However, herein, the counterclockwise swing of the blade 2 is restricted so as not to be carried out by approximately 90° by bringing the primary lever 4 on the blade 2 side into contact with the wiper arm 1. Accordingly, for example, even in a case where the wiper arm 1 lying on the window surface is raised and the blade 2 is made to swing during a car wash, a defect such that the blade unexpectedly comes apart from the wiper arm 1 can be securely prevented. In addition, during the clockwise swing of the blade 2, the blade 2 does not come apart from the wiper arm 1.

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______[0027] Needless to say, the present-invention is not limited to the above-described embodiment, and as mentioned before, a construction may also be employed, wherein the connecting shaft on which the chamfered portion is formed is fixed to the blade as one body and the wiper arm is made to turn (swing) so that the posture of the attaching groove can be changed with respect to the said-fixed connecting shaft. In this case, the positional relationship between the chamfered portion of the connecting shaft and the groove entrance portion of the attaching groove is important, and as a matter of course, a setting is provided so that the attaching groove and connecting shaft maintain the connected posture within the swinging range of the wiper arm and blade and change into an attaching and detaching posture based on a swing exceeding the said-swinging range.

[0028] In addition, a construction such as a second embodiment shown in Figs. 7 and 8 may also be employed. Namely, a connecting shaft 10 of the second embodiment has an outer diameter equivalent to the inner diameter R of the groove

inner portion 3a of the attaching groove 3 and a chamfered portion 10a is provided on the outer circumference, whereby a smaller diameter portion having a diameter which is equal to the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 3d or equivalent to the diameter T that is smaller than the groove width S. And such, connecting shaft 10 is supported on the attaching bracket 7 of the blade 2 side so as to be slidable in the direction of shaft rotation. A pincher (which corresponds to an adjusting member of the present invention) 10b is formed on one end portion of the connection shaft 10 as one body. The pincher 10b is arranged so as to be exposed outside the attaching bracket attaching edge 7a, wherein the connecting shaft 10 can be slid in the direction of shaft rotation by turning and operating the pincher 10b5. Thus the postural relationship between the attaching groove 3 and connecting shaft 10 can be changed into a connected posture and an attaching and detaching posture. Furthermore, a posture retaining means (which is not illustrated) is releasably provided in the pincher 10 and retains the connecting shaft 10 in a connected posture. Thus, in a case where the blade 2 is replaced, the posture retaining means is released and the pincher 10b is turned so as to produce an attaching and detaching posture, thereby making it possible to easily detach the blade 2. And, advantages thereof are the same as those of the first embodiment.

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Figs. 9 and 10 will now be described. On the attaching groove 3 of the present embodiment, a groove entrance portion 3d having a groove width M slightly smaller in diameter than the inner diameter R of the groove inner portion 3a is formed. Therefore, in order to make the attaching groove 3 support a cylindrical fixed shaft 11 having an outer diameter which is the same as the inner diameter R of the groove inner portion 3a, fitting and supporting can be performed by light press fitting.

WithSinee the fixed shaft 11₂-in-such a lightly press-fitted condition can be easily fitted into the attaching groove 3, coming-off thereof is also easy, and such a condition corresponds to the attaching and detaching posture of the present-invention.

[0030] On the other hand, 12 denotes a stopper pin whereand the stopper pin 12 can be formed by turning up and bending a resilient steel material. The stopper pin 12 includes and a stopper portion 12a which is one of the turned-up portions isurged in the direction where the turned-up portions come close to each other. Then, the stopper pin 12 is attached by inserting it from the front end side of the wiper arm 1 while forcibly expanding the stopper portion 12a, and the stopper portion 12a, which

penetrates through a rib 3e formed on the attaching groove 3, is brought into contact, in a pressured manner, with the outer circumference of the fixed shaft 11, which is exposed from the groove entrance portion 3d of the attaching groove 3. Thereby, the stopper portion 12a, in a condition where an urging force is applied, is brought into contact with the fixed shaft 11 and prevents the fixed shaft 11 from coming off from 5 the attaching groove 3. Thus, the connecting shaft comprises the fixed shaft 11 and the stopper pin 12, and the condition where the stopper pin 12 is attached and comingoff is prevented corresponds to the connected posture of the present-invention. [10031] In addition, 12b denotes an engaging portion for fixing the stopper pin 12 on the wiper arm 1, and by engaging and supporting the said engaging portion 10 12b on the wiper arm 1, the stopper pin 12 is fixed so as to be resiliently held between the wiper arm 1 and blade 2. The resilience of the stopper pin 12 is set to an extent that the blade 2 is not hindered from swinging with respect to the wiper arm 1 around the fixed shaft 11 as a fulcrum. [0032] Thus, in the structure according to the third embodiment, based on 15 the attachment and detachment of the stopper pin 12, the relationship between the attaching groove 3 and a connecting shaft (the fixed shaft 11 and the stopper pin 12) can be changed into a connected posture and an attaching and detaching posture. Similar to the first embodiment, also in this case, replacing operations of the blade can 20 be simplified and construction where no load is applied to the attaching groove 3 can improve durability, while the wiper arm 1 and the blade 2 can be securely attached. [0033] Furthermore, a fourth embodiment shown in Figs. 11 and 12 will be described. The attaching groove 3 and the fixed shaft 11 according to the present embodiment have the same structure as that of the third embodiment, where the 25 groove entrance portion 3d hashaving a groove width M which is slightly smaller in diameter than the inner diameter R of the groove inner portion 3a is formed; and Thus the fixed shaft 11 can be fitted and supported on the attaching groove 3 by light press-fitting. Such a condition where the fixed shaft 11 can be easily attached and detached to and from the attaching groove 3 corresponds to the attaching and 30 detaching posture of the present invention. [0034] Then, similar to the third embodiment, a connected posture is produced between the attaching groove 3 and the fixed shaft 11 by attaching a stopper pin 13. The stopper pin 13 of the present embodiment is formed of a plate-like steel

material and inserted from the front end side of the wiper arm 1 via the rib 3e_{5...} Tthus the inserted front end portion prevents the fixed shaft 11 which faces to the groove entrance portion 3d from coming off, and the stopper pin 13 is fixed to the wiper arm 1 by rotating to engage an engaging projection 13a, which is bent and formed on the front end portion of the stopper pin 13, with the rib 3b after setting the stopper pin 13. 5 Such a condition where the stopper pin 13 prevents the fixed shaft 11 from coming off corresponds to the connected posture between the attaching groove 3 and connecting shaft (fixed shaft 11 and stopper pin 13) according to the present-invention. [0035] By thus constructing, based on the attaching and detaching of the stopper pin 13, the relationship between the attaching groove 3 and the fixed shaft 11 10 is changed into the connected posture and the attaching and detaching posture. Similar to the first embodiment, also in this case, blade replacing operations can be simplified and construction where no load is applied to the attaching groove 3 can improve durability, while the wiper arm 1 and the blade 2 can be securely attached. [0036] Furthermore, a fifth embodiment will be described based on Figs. 13 15 and 14. An attaching groove 14 formed on the wiper arm 1 of the preset [0037]embodiment is formed similarly to that of the above-described embodiments. That is, an attaching groove 14a located on the groove inner side is formed in an inside cylindrical shape having a diameter R and the said-inside cylindrical shape is closer to 20 a cylinder than a semi-cylinder by a portion equivalent to the chord H. Moreover, a first groove edge 14b which leads to a groove inner portion 14a of the attaching groove coincides with a tangent line at one end portion of the groove inner portion 14a.; An second groove edge 14c on the other side is formed from the other end 25 portion so as to expand and open obtusely, whereby the groove width S of a groove entrance portion 14d becomes smaller than the inner diameter R of the groove inner portion 14a (R>S), and Tthus, the attaching groove 14 has a dovetail groove shape when the groove is viewed from the side. At this time, the chord H is set so as to become smaller than the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 14d (H<S). 30 [0038] On the other hand, a connecting shaft 15 has a columnar shape having an outside diameter approximately equal to the inner diameter R of the groove inner portion 14a of the attaching groove and a long dent groove 15a is formed on the outer circumferential surface in the shaft direction, and the said-connecting shaft 15 is

attached to the blade 2. The dent groove 15a is formed to have an approximately arcshaped groove surface, the dimensions are set so that the groove width N in the circumferential direction becomes greatergrater than the chord H which corresponds to a portion exceeding a semi-cylinder of the attaching groove 14 ($N \ge H$) and the maximum depth D of the groove depth becomes smaller than the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 14d of the attaching groove 14 ($D \le S$). Incidentally, the dent groove 15a is not limited to having an arc-shape as long as it is provided with the groove width of N and the maximum groove depth of D and an appropriate shape, for example, a V-groove, a rectangular groove or the like can be employed.

______[0040] With such a structureBy structure as such, similar to the above-described embodiments, the attaching and detaching operations of the connecting shaft 15 with respect to the attaching groove 14 becomes easy, the replacement operation of the blade 2 becomes easy, and furthermore, no load acts on the attaching groove 14 during the said-replacement operation, thus making it possible to improve durability.

______[0041] In the connected posture where the connecting shaft 15 is incorporated in the groove inner portion 14a in a coming-off preventive manner, as shown in Fig. 14, the dent grove 15a can be set so as to be located at the groove

entrance portion 14d. If such a setting is employed, the outer circumferential surface of the connecting shaft 15 slides beyond the whole inner circumferential surface of the groove inner portion 14a in a manner of surface contact.

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[0042] In terms of the relationship between the attaching groove 14 and connecting shaft 15, as mentioned above, the sliding area therebetween is widely secured and wiping operations are performed with a minute swing between the wiper arm 1 and blade 2 being absorbed. In addition, if curvature of the window surface becomes great in this condition, then the connecting shaft 15 attached on the blade 2 side swings relatively to the wiper arm 1 which is pressed toward the window surface according to the curved window surface, Ttherefore, it is necessary to secure the sliding surface of the connecting shaft 15a to be wider than the sliding surface of the attaching groove 14. However, this cannot be easily carried out in such a construction as the first embodiment where the notch portion is formed on the connecting shaft. Nevertheless, as mentioned before, the groove width N of the dent groove 15a of the connecting shaft 15 is set to be equal to or slightly greater than the chord H and the said-chord H is also set to be smaller than the groove width S of the groove entrance portion 14d in the present embodiment, whereby the sliding surface of the connecting shaft 15, that is, the outer circumferential surface excluding the dent groove 15a can be secured to be longer than the sliding surface which is set by the groove inner portion 14a. Thus, in the connected posture, even if the sliding surface of the connecting shaft 15 is exposed from the groove inner portion 14a and reaches to the part opposed to the groove entrance portion 14d and then the blade 2 swings in accordance with the curved surface, the swing can be received by the sliding surface of the connecting shaft 15, and consequently, stable wiping operations can also be performed even on a window surface having greater curvature.

bracket 7 and then performing the attaching and detaching operation while rotating the said-pincher.

Industrial Applicability

______[0044] By constructing as such, the connecting shaft can be securely connected to the attaching groove. On the other hand, not only can the attaching and detaching operations be simplified but also it becomes possible to prevent an attaching and detaching load from being applied to the attaching groove.